1. A recent study by the American Association of Clinical Chemistry (AACCC) found that people with diabetes are at increased risk for neuropathy.

2. The study also found that people with diabetes have higher levels of glucose in their blood.

3. People with diabetes also have higher levels of triglycerides and cholesterol.

4. The study recommends that people with diabetes should be screened for neuropathy and other diabetic complications.

5. People with diabetes should also be encouraged to make lifestyle changes to help prevent neuropathy.

6. The study concludes that further research is needed to better understand the relationship between diabetes and neuropathy.
Content taken from the Canadian Diabetes Association's consumer fact sheet, Diabetes.